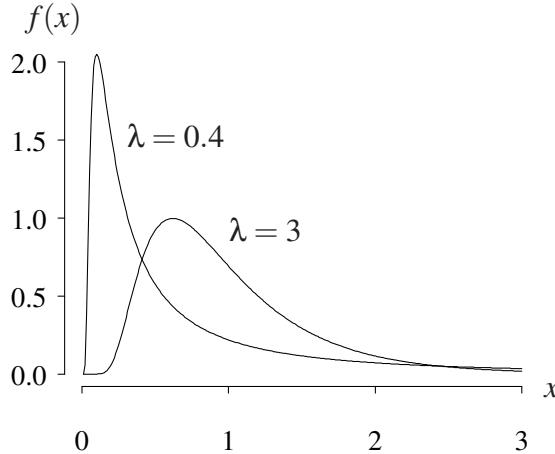


**Standard Wald distribution** (from <http://www.math.wm.edu/~leemis/chart/UDR/UDR.html>)  
The shorthand  $X \sim \text{standardWald}(\lambda)$  is used to indicate that the random variable  $X$  has the standard Wald distribution with parameter  $\lambda$ . A standard Wald random variable  $X$  with parameter  $\lambda$  has probability density function

$$f(x) = \sqrt{\frac{\lambda}{2\pi x^3}} e^{-\frac{\lambda(x-1)^2}{2x}} \quad x > 0,$$

for  $\lambda > 0$ . The probability density function for two different values of  $\lambda$  is illustrated below.



The cumulative distribution function on the support of  $X$  is

$$F(x) = P(X \leq x) = \int_0^x \sqrt{\frac{\lambda}{2\pi t^3}} e^{-\frac{\lambda(t-1)^2}{2t}} dt \quad x > 0.$$

The survivor function, hazard function, inverse distribution, and cumulative hazard functions on the support of  $X$  are mathematically intractable. The moment generating function of  $X$  is

$$M(t) = E[e^{tX}] = e^\lambda \left( 1 - \sqrt{1 - \frac{2t}{\lambda}} \right) \quad t < \frac{\lambda}{2}.$$

The characteristic function of  $X$  is

$$\phi(t) = E[e^{itX}] = e^\lambda \left( 1 - \sqrt{1 - \frac{2it}{\lambda}} \right) \quad t < \frac{\lambda}{2}.$$

The population mean, variance, skewness, and kurtosis of  $X$  are

$$E[X] = 1 \quad V[X] = \frac{1}{\lambda} \quad E \left[ \left( \frac{X-\mu}{\sigma} \right)^3 \right] = \frac{3}{\sqrt{\lambda}} \quad E \left[ \left( \frac{X-\mu}{\sigma} \right)^4 \right] = 3 + \frac{15}{\lambda}.$$

### **APPL verification:** The APPL statements

```
X:=[[x -> sqrt(lambda / (Pi * 2 * x ^ 3)) * exp(-lambda(x - 1) ^ 2 / (2 * x))],  
 [0,infinity], ["Continuous", "PDF"]];  
CDF(X);  
Mean(X);  
Variance(X);  
Skewness(X);  
Kurtosis(X);  
MGF(X);
```

verify the cumulative distribution function and moment generating function but fail to yield the expected values.