

**Theorem** The Weibull distribution has the variate generation property. That is, the inverse cumulative distribution function of a Weibull( $\alpha, \beta$ ) random variable can be expressed in closed-form.

**Proof** The probability density function of a Weibull( $\alpha, \beta$ ) random variable is

$$f(x) = (\beta/\alpha)x^{\beta-1}e^{-(1/\alpha)x^\beta} \quad x > 0.$$

The cumulative distribution function is

$$F(x) = 1 - e^{-(1/\alpha)x^\beta} \quad x > 0.$$

Equating the cumulative distribution function to  $u$  where  $0 < u < 1$  yields the inverse cumulative distribution function

$$F^{-1}(x) = (-\alpha \ln(1 - u))^{1/\beta} \quad 0 < u < 1.$$

So a closed-form variate generation algorithm for the Weibull distribution is

```
generate  $U \sim U(0, 1)$ 
 $X \leftarrow (-\alpha \ln(1 - u))^{1/\beta}$ 
return( $X$ )
```

**APPL verification:** The APPL statements

```
X := WeibullRV(alpha, beta);
CDF(X);
IDF(X);
```

confirm the result.