

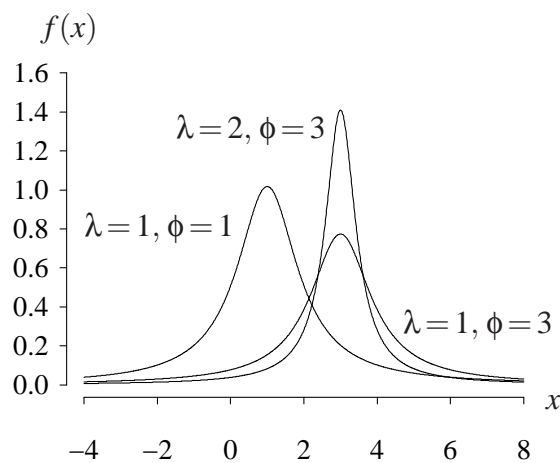
Arctangent distribution (from <http://www.math.wm.edu/~leemis/chart/UDR/UDR.html>)

The shorthand $X \sim \arctan(\lambda, \phi)$ is used to indicate that the random variable X has the arctangent distribution with phase shift parameter ϕ and positive location parameter λ . An arctangent random variable X with parameters λ and ϕ has probability density function

$$f(x) = \frac{\lambda}{(\arctan(\lambda\phi) + 1/2\pi) (1 + \lambda^2(x - \phi)^2)} \quad x \geq 0$$

for $\lambda > 0$ and $-\infty < \phi < \infty$.

The probability density function with three different choices of parameters is illustrated below.



The cumulative distribution function of X is

$$F(x) = P(X \leq x) = 2 \left(\frac{\arctan(\lambda\phi) - \arctan(-x\lambda + \lambda\phi)}{2 \arctan(\lambda\phi) + \pi} \right) \quad x \geq 0.$$

The survivor function of X is

$$S(x) = P(X \geq x) = \frac{\pi + 2 \arctan(-x\lambda + \lambda\phi)}{2 \arctan(\lambda\phi) + \pi} \quad x \geq 0.$$

The hazard function of X is

$$h(x) = \frac{f(x)}{S(x)} = \frac{2\lambda}{(1 + \lambda^2x^2 - 2\lambda^2\phi x + \lambda^2\phi^2) (\pi + 2 \arctan(-x\lambda + \lambda\phi))} \quad x \geq 0.$$

The cumulative hazard function of X is

$$H(x) = \ln(2 \arctan(\lambda\phi) + \pi) - \ln(\pi + 2 \arctan(\lambda(-x + \phi))) \quad x \geq 0.$$

The inverse distribution function of X is

$$F^{-1}(u) = \frac{\lambda\phi + \tan(-\arctan(\lambda\phi) + u \arctan(\lambda\phi) + 1/2u\pi)}{\lambda} \quad 0 < u < 1.$$

The moments of X are undefined. It follows that the population mean, variance, skewness, and kurtosis of X are also undefined.

APPL verification: The APPL statements

```
X := ArcTanRV(lambda, phi);  
CDF(X);  
SF(X);  
HF(X);  
IDF(X);  
Mean(X);  
Variance(X);  
Skewness(X);  
Kurtosis(X);  
MGF(X);
```

verify the cumulative distribution function, survivor function, hazard function, population mean, variance, skewness, kurtosis, and moment generating function.